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(Pages : 6)

M – 2339

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2021

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Mathematics

Foundation Course II

MM 1221 : FOUNDATIONS OF MATHEMATICS

(2020 Admission Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

All the **first** 10 questions are compulsory and each carries 1 mark :

1. Write the negation of the statement  
“M is a cyclic subgroup”
2. Indicate whether the statement  
“5 is not prime or 8 is prime” is true or false.
3. Rewrite the statement “There exists a number less than 7” using  $\exists$ ,  $\forall$  and  $\neg$ , as appropriate.
4. If  $A, B, C$  are subsets of a universal set  $U$ , then state whether the statement  
 $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$  is true or false.
5. Write the parametric equation of semicubical parabola.

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6. Write the equation of parabola with focus  $(p, o)$  and directrix  $x = -p$ .
7. Which logical connective corresponds to the set relationship  $A \subseteq B$ ?
8. Find the dot product of the vectors  $\langle 3, 5 \rangle$  and  $\langle -1, 2 \rangle$ .
9. What is the general form of equation of a plane?
10. Describe the surface  $z = (x - 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 + 3$ .

### PART – B

Answer **any eight** questions from questions 11 to 26. These questions carry **2** marks :

11. Write the truth table for  $p \vee q$ .
12. Identify the antecedent and consequent in the statement "If  $n$  is an integer, then  $2n$  is an even integer".
13. Provide a counter example to the statement "Every Continuous function is differentiable".
14. Write the contrapositive statement of the statement "continuity is a necessary condition for differentiability".
15. Let  $f: A \rightarrow B$  and  $g: B \rightarrow C$  be bijective. Then prove that  $g \circ f: A \rightarrow C$  is bijective.
16. State the reflection property of parabolas.
17. Determine a rotation angle  $\theta$  that will eliminate the  $xy$ -term in the equation  $2x^2 + xy + 2y^2 + x - y = 0$ .
18. Name the conic for which the set of points whose distance to the point  $(2, 3)$  is half the distance to the line  $x + y = 1$ .
19. Find the new coordinates of the point  $(2, 4)$  if the coordinate axes are rotated through an angle of  $\theta = 30^\circ$ .

20. Find the equation of the hyperbola with vertices  $(0, \pm 8)$  and asymptotes  $y = \pm \frac{4}{3}x$ .
21. Find the arc length of the spiral  $r = e^\theta$  between  $\theta = 0$  and  $\theta = \pi$ .
22. Find the parametric equations of the line passing through  $(4, 2)$  and parallel to  $v = \langle -1, 5 \rangle$ .
23. Calculate the scalar triple product  $u \cdot (v \times w)$  of the vectors  $u = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$ ,  $v = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ ,  $w = 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .
24. Show that  $u \times u = 0$  for any vector  $u$  in 3-space.
25. Find the vector of length 2 that makes an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  with the positive x-axis.
26. Find the distance  $d$  between the points  $(2, 3, -1)$  and  $(4, -1, 3)$ .

PART – C

Answer **any six** questions from questions 27 to 38. These questions carry **4** marks each :

27. Construct a truth table for the compound statement  $\sim(p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow [(\sim p) \vee (\sim q)]$
28. Use a truth table to verify that  $p \Rightarrow q$  and  $\sim q \Rightarrow \sim p$  are logically equivalent.
29. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{2, 4, 6\}$  be subsets of the universal set  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Then what is  $A \cup B$ ,  $A \cap B$ ,  $A \setminus B$  and  $U - B$ ?

30. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ . Which of the following relations are functions between  $A$  and  $B$ ?
- (a)  $\{(1, 2), (2, 6), (3, 4), (2, 8)\}$
- (b)  $\{(1, 4), (3, 8)\}$
- (c)  $\{(1, 6), (2, 6), (3, 2)\}$
- (d)  $\{(1, 8), (2, 2), (3, 4)\}$ .
31. Find the slope of the tangent line to the circle  $r = 4 \cos \theta$  at the point where  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .
32. Find the area of the region that is inside the cardioid  $r = 4 + 4 \cos \theta$  and outside the circle  $r = 6$ .
33. Find an equation of the parabola that is symmetric about the  $y$ -axis, has its vertex at the origin and passes through the point  $(5, 2)$ .
34. Find the equations of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  in cylindrical and spherical coordinates.
35. Find the spherical coordinates of the point that has rectangular coordinates  $(x, y, z) = (4, -4, 4\sqrt{6})$ .
36. Sketch the graph of the parabola  $x^2 = 12y$ .
37. Describe the surface  $z = -(x^2 + y^2)$ .
38. The planes  $x + 2y - 2z = 3$  and  $2x + 4y - 4z = 7$  are parallel since their normals  $\langle 1, 2, -2 \rangle$  and  $\langle 2, 4, -4 \rangle$  are parallel vectors. Find the distance between these planes.

PART – D

Answer **any two** questions from questions 39 to 44. These questions carry **15** marks each :

39. Find examples of relations with the following properties.
- (a) Reflexive, but not symmetric and not transitive.
  - (b) Symmetric, but not reflexive and not transitive.
  - (c) Transitive but not reflexive and not symmetric.
  - (d) Reflexive and symmetric but not symmetric.
  - (e) Reflexive and transitive but not symmetric.
40. (a) Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$ . Using the ordered pair definition of the composition  $g \circ f$ , prove that  $g \circ f$  is a function and that  $g \circ f : A \rightarrow C$ .
- (b) Find an example of functions  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$  such that
- (i)  $f$  and  $g \circ f$  are both injective but  $g$  is not injective.
  - (ii)  $g$  and  $g \circ f$  are both surjective but  $f$  is not surjective.
  - (iii)  $g \circ f$  is bijective but neither  $f$  nor  $g$  is bijective.
41. (a) Without eliminating the parameter, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at  $(1, 1)$  and  $(1, -1)$  on the semicubical parabola  $x = t^2$ ,  $y = t^3$  ( $-\infty < t < \infty$ ).
- (b) In a disastrous first flight, an experimental paper airplane follows the trajectory of a particle :
- $$x = t - 3 \sin t, y = 4 - 3 \cos t (t \geq 0)$$
- but crashes into a wall at time  $t = 10$ .
- (i) At what times was the airplane flying horizontally?
  - (ii) At what time was it flying vertically?

42. Sketch the graph of  $r = \cos 2\theta$  in polar coordinates, showing step by step the variation of  $\theta$  as follows :

$$0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad \frac{\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}, \quad \frac{3\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \pi, \quad \pi \leq \theta \leq \frac{5\pi}{4}, \quad \frac{5\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \frac{3\pi}{2},$$
$$\frac{3\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{7\pi}{4}, \quad \frac{7\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq 2\pi.$$

43. (a) Find the angle between the vectors  $u = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $v = -3\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .
- (b) Find the angle between a diagonal of a cube and one of its edges.
- (c) Let  $v = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$ ,  $e_1 = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$  and  $e_2 = \left\langle -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$ . Find the scalar components of  $v$  along  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  and the vectors components of  $v$  along  $e_1$  and  $e_2$ .
44. (a) Find parametric equations of the line  $L$  passing through the points  $p_1(2, 4, -1)$  and  $p_2(5, 0, 7)$ .

- (b) Let  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  be the lines

$$L_1 : x = 1 + 4t, y = 5 - 4t, z = -1 + 5t$$

$$L_2 : x = 2 + 8t, y = 4 - 3t, z = 5 + t$$

Do the lines intersect?

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