Reg.	N	Ο.	:	• • •	· • •	 •••	• • • •	 ••••	• • • • •	• •
Name	9 :	1				 		 		

# Third Semester B.Sc Degree Examination, October 2019 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Complementary Course for Botany/Microbiology CH 1331.3 – PHYSICAL AND INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (2013-16 Admissions)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

## **SECTION A**

Answer all questions.

Answer in one word to maximum of two sentences . Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Write any two factors affecting the reaction rate.
- 2. Write the Arrhenius equation.
- 3. What is Raoult's law?
- Write an expression for half-life period of first order reaction.
- 5. Radioactive decay usually follows ----- order reaction.
- 6. Give an example for azeotropic mixture.
- 7 Explain the term conjugate acid base pair.
- 8. What is meant by chemical shift in NMR spectroscopy?

- 9. What do you mean by artificial transmutation? Give one example.
- 10. Name the internal standard used in NMR spectroscopy.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

### **SECTION B**

Short answer type (Not to exceed one paragraph)

Answer any eight questions from the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11 Differentiate between order and Molecularity.
- 12. What is absorbent and adsorbate?
- 13. What are the effects of impurities on miscibility and CST?
- 14. A first order reaction is 20% complete in 10 minutes. Calculate the time taken for the reaction to go to 80% completion.
- 15. Write any two applications of chromatographic techniques.
- 16. Write the principle of colorimetric estimation.
- 17. Give the basic principle of chromatography.
- 18. What is Beer- Lambert's Law?
- 19. What are the applications of solvent extraction?
- 20. What is artificial transmutation?
- 21. What is the pH of 10-8 M HCI?
- 22 What is the mechanism of buffer action?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION C

# Short Essay (Not to exceed 120 words)

Answer any six questions from the following. Each question carries four marks.

- 23. Derive an equation for the first order rate constant.
- 24 Write a note on the effects of radiation giving special emphasize to pathological and genetic damage.
- 25 Explain the difference between auxochromoe and chromophore using examples.
- 26. What are the applications of UV visible spectroscopy?
- 27. Explain Azeotrope mixtures.
- 28. Explain Distribution law and its limitation.
- 29. Explain the Lowry Bronstead concept of Acids and Bases.
- 30. What is neutron activation analysis?
- 31. Explain Rf and Rt values.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION D

# Long essay

Answer any two questions from the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. What is catalysis and catalyst? What are the different types of catalysis? Explain the intermediate formation theory and adsorption theory of catalysis.
- 33. Explain the detection of radioactivity by
  - (a) Wilson's cloud chamber.
  - (b) Geiger Muller counter.

- 34 Discuss the following
  - (a) Paper chromatography
  - (b) Thin layer chromatography
  - (c) Ion exchange chromatography
- 35. Explain the principles of NMR spectroscopy and UV visible spectroscopy

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$