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Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, April 2023 First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Physics

Core Course X

PY 1642 : NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS (2018 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Very short answer type questions. Answer all questions.

- 1. What is meant by mass defect in a nucleus?
- 2. What do you mean by nuclear isotones?
- 3. What is meant by internal conversion?
- 4. Write any two differences between radioactivity and chemical reaction.
- 5. Define half-life of a radioactive isotope.
- 6. Define Q-value of a nuclear reaction.
- 7. What is meant by pair production?
- 8. What is the function of control rods in a nuclear reactor?

- Nuclear fusion is known as thermonuclear reactions. Why?
- 10. What are fermions and bosons?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - B

Short answer type questions. Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- Write a note on Yukawa's Meson theory of nuclear forces.
- 12. Discuss the nuclear magnetic moments of a proton and neutron.
- What is meant by binding energy of a nucleus? Write the equation for binding energy.
- 14. Write down the semi-empirical mass formula for binding energy of a nucleus and mention the name of each energy terms.
- 15. Write a note collective model of nucleus.
- 16. Give any two limitations of liquid drop model of nucleus.
- 17. Derive the radioactive decay law $N = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$.
- 18. What is meant by a compound nucleus? Give an example.
- 19. What is the advantage of synchrotron over ordinary cyclotron.
- 20. Explain the working of GM counter.
- 21. Explain Bohr and Wheeler's theory of nuclear fission.
- 22. What are the major hazards of nuclear power plant?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. The radius of Uranium $\binom{238}{92}U$ nucleus is 7.44 fermi. Estimate the radius of Nitrogen $\binom{14}{7}N$ nucleus.
- 24. Calculate the binding energy of the last neutron in $m_{11}^{23}Na$. Mass of $_{11}^{23}Na=22.9898u$, atomic mass of $_{11}^{23}Na=21.9944u$, mass of neutron = 1.0087u.
- 25. The activity of 2.00 mg of radon is 310 Ci. What will be its activity after one week? Half life of radon is 3.8 days.
- 26. Find the probability that a particular nucleus of Cl-38 will decay in any 1.00 s period. (Half life = 37.2 minutes)
- 27. Find the Q-value of the following reaction ${}_{1}^{1}H + {}_{1}^{3}H \rightarrow {}_{1}^{2}H + {}_{1}^{2}H$ and state whether the reactions are exothermic or endothermic. The atomic masses of ${}_{1}^{1}H, {}_{1}^{2}H,$ and ${}_{1}^{3}H$ are respectively 1.0078 u, 2.0141 u and 3.0160 u.
- 28. A $_2^3$ He nucleus at rest absorbs a thermal neutron (almost at rest) by the following reaction. $_2^3He+_0^1n\rightarrow_1^3H+_1^1H$ Q=0.763MeV
 - Calculate the kinetic energy of the two final product particles.
- Determine the magnetic field intensity needed in a 1 km radius synchrotron for 400 GeV protons. Use the relativistic mass.
- 30. A nuclear reactor containing U-235 is operating at a power output of 2 W, Calculate the number of fissions per second if 200 MeV of energy is produced in the fission of single uranium nucleus.

31. Check whether the following reaction $\mu^- \to e^- + \overline{v}_e + v_\mu$ is allowed on the basis of conservation laws of charge, electron lepton number and muon lepton numbers.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. Write a short note on the following properties of nucleus:
 - (a) Composition (b) Size (c) Quadrupole moment (d) Spin and magnetic moment
- 33. Explain the essential features of shell model of a nucleus. What are magic numbers? Give any four evidences for the existence of magic numbers.
- 34. Explain the origin of line and continuous beta ray spectrum and discuss the neutrino theory of beta decay.
- 35. Explain the classification of elementary particles and give their properties. $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$