

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, October 2019

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Mathematics

Core Course – 2

MM 1341 : ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS – 1

(2014 – 2017 Admissions)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark. :

1. Define an unit element in a Ring.
2. A commutative skew field is _____.
3. A commutative ring with identity and _____ is an Integral domain.
4. Define Boolean Ring.
5. If $\vec{A} = 4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 3\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$ then find $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$.
6. Evaluate $(\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}) \cdot (\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}) \times (\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 6\vec{k})$.
7. A vector V is called irrotational if _____.

8. Angle between the lines whose direction cosines are (l_1, m_1, n_1) and (l_2, m_2, n_2) are _____.
9. The equation of the straight line joining the points $(2, 5, 8)$ and $(-1, 6, 3)$ is _____.
10. Find the equation of the sphere with centre $(-1, 2, -3)$ and radius 3 units.

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

SECTION – B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries **2** marks.

11. Define a Group. Is the set of integers under multiplication a group. Justify.
12. In an abelian group show that $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$.
13. Prove that any unit in a Ring R cannot be a zero divisor.
14. Define characteristic of a ring and give one example.
15. Solve the linear congruence $5x \equiv 2 \pmod{26}$.
16. Determine a unit vector \perp^{re} to the plane $\vec{A} = 2\vec{i} - 6\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - \vec{k}$.
17. Find the area of the triangle having vertices at $P(1, 3, 2)$, $Q(2, -1, 1)$.
18. If $\vec{F} = (2xy + z^3)\vec{i} + x^2\vec{j} + 3xz^2\vec{k}$ then find the work done in moving an object from $(1, -2, 1)$ to $(3, 1, 4)$.
19. Find the equation of the plane through $(3, 4, 5)$ and parallel to $2x + 3y - z = 0$.
20. Find the distance between the parallel planes $2x - 2y - z + 3 = 0$, $4x - 4y + 2z + 5 = 0$.
21. Prove that the plane section of the sphere is a circle.
22. Show that the equation of a right circular cone whose vertex is O axis OZ and semi-verticle angle α is $x^2 + y^2 = z^2 \tan^2 \alpha$.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

SECTION – C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks. :

23. Prove that a subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.
24. State and prove Fermat's theorem.
25. Prove that any field is an Integral domain.
26. Prove that $(\mathbb{Z}_n, \oplus, \odot)$ is a Ring.
27. Find the unit tangent vector to any point on the curve $x = t^2 - t, y = 4t - 3, z = 2t^2 - 8t$.
28. Suppose $v = wx \vee$ where w is a constant then prove that $w = \frac{1}{2} \text{curl } v$.
29. If $\cos \alpha, \cos \beta, \cos \gamma$ are the direction cosines of a straight line then show that $\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2 \gamma = 2$.
30. Find the angle between the planes $2x - y + z = 6$ and $x + y + 2z = 3$.
31. Find the equation of the Orthogonal projection of the line $\frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-4}{3}$ on to the plane $8x + 2y + 9z - 1 = 0$.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

SECTION – D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks. :

32. Let R, R' be two Rings. Let $f: R \rightarrow R'$ be an Isomorphism then prove the following :
 - (a) R is commutative $\Rightarrow R'$ is commutative.
 - (b) R is a Ring with identity $\Rightarrow R'$ is a Ring with identity.
 - (c) R is an Integral Domain $\Rightarrow R'$ is an Integral Domain
 - (d) R is a field $\Rightarrow R'$ is a field.

33. (a) Define Kernel of a Ring homomorphism.
(b) State and prove fundamental theorem of Ring homomorphism.
34. State and prove Chinese remainder theorem.
35. (a) Prove that the system of Linear congruence

$$ax + by \equiv r \pmod{n}$$

$cx + dy \equiv s \pmod{n}$ has a unique solution modulo n whenever $\gcd(ad - bc, n) = 1$.

- (b) Find the solution of

$$7x + 3y \equiv 10 \pmod{16}$$

$$2x + 5y \equiv 9 \pmod{16}$$

solution is $x \equiv 3 \pmod{16}$

$$y \equiv 7 \pmod{16}.$$

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)