Reg. No.:....

Name :

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, May 2019

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Complementary Course

CO1231/CC1231/CX1231: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

(Common for CO 1231/CC 1231/CX 1231)

(2018 Admn)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

All the first 10 questions are compulsory. Each question carries 1 mark.;

- 1. Find the sum of $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{6}{15} + \frac{3}{5}$.
- 2. Evaluate $\frac{3}{5} \times \left(\frac{-4-1}{6}\right) + \frac{5}{2}$
- 3. Find the value of $14P_4$.
- 4. Define a symmetric matrix.
- 5. Evaluate the determinant of the square matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 6. Write the power set of the set $A = \{3, 4\}$.
- 7. Solve the equation 14y 18 = 13.

- 8. What is annuity?
- 9. Solve the quadratic equation $x^2 5x + 6 = 0$.

10. Find the derivative of
$$y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x} + 7$$
. (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer any eight questions from among the questions 11 to 22. They carry 2 marks each.

- 11. Prove that $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$ where $A = \{1, 3, 4, 7\}$ $B = \{2, 3, 4, 8\}$ and $C = \{1, 3, 4, 9\}$.
- 12. If $nC_2 = 10$. Find n.
- 13. Sum of two numbers is 95. If one exceeds the other by 15. Find the numbers.

14. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ find $2A + 3B$.

16. Find the product
$$(p^2 - q^2)(2p + q)$$
.

17. If
$$y = 2x + \frac{4}{x}$$
, prove that $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 0$.

18. Eliminate arbitrary constants a and b from $z = (x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2$ to form the partial differential equation.

19.
$$\int \frac{x+a}{x-a} dx$$

20. If simple interest on a certain sum is Rs. 360 for 2 years at 6% per annum. Find the sum.

- 21. After allowing a discount of $7\frac{1}{2}\%$ on the marked price of an article, an article is sold for Rs. 555. Find its marked price.
- 22. A man wishes to pay back his debt of Rs. 5,044 due after 6 years by 6 equal yearly instalment. Find the amount of each instalment, money being worth 10% per annum compound interest.
 (8 x 2 = 16 Marks)

Answer any six questions from among the questions 23 to 31. They carry 4 marks each.

The base of an isosceles triangle is $\frac{4}{3}$ cm. The perimeter of the triangle is $4\frac{2}{15}$ cm. What is the length of either of the remaining equal sides?

24. The table below gives the ages of drivers of cars involved in total accidents during a certain year. Draw a pie-diagram to represent the data:

 Ages of drivers
 Under 20
 20-40
 40-60
 Over 60
 Total

 Percent of totals
 15
 60
 20
 5
 100

25. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 calculate $A^2 - 5A + 9I$.

Where
$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 26. Find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 27. At what rate percent compound interest per annum with Rs. 640 amount to 774.40 in 2 years.
- 28. Distinguish between Straight Line Method and diminishing balance method.

- 29. Find a partial differential equation by eliminating a,b,c from $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$.
- 30. If $y = ae^{mx} + be^{-mx}$ prove that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} m^2y = 0$.
- 31. The total cost function (in rupees) if x units of a product is $c(x) = x^2 + 78x + 2500$ and the demand function is p = 600 8x, when the price is Rs. 1 per unit. Show that the maximum net revenue (ie, profit) is obtained when 29 units are produced. Also find the price at which profit is maximums.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any two questions from among the questions 32 to 35. They carry 15 marks.

32. Using Cramer's rule, solve

$$x + y + z = 6$$
, $2x + 3y - z = 5$, $6x - 2y - 3z = -7$.

- 33. Explain the need for providing depreciation what are the methods of recording depreciator.
- 34. (a) Explain bar diagrams
 - (b) Draw a simple bar diagram to represent the following figures relating to manufacturing of machines.

Years 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 No. of machines 1200 1700 1900 2800 2100

- (c) What are the advantages of diagram and graphs?
- 35. (a) Explain different types of sets and set operations with examples.
 - (b) What are the rules of differentiation? Explain it with examples.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$