Renewable Resources: Forest

Forest- Definition

A large area dominated by trees comprising of a wide variety of flora and fauna.

One-third of the earth's surface is covered by forest.

Types of forest-three types

The Tropical	Temperate	Boreal forest(taiga)
Stable temperature with heavy rain fall	Moderate temperature and Fertile land	Moist/cold weather
High species diversity	Large number of trees with many common animals	Dominated by evergreen conifers and animals with a capacity to withstand long period of cold climate
Found in South east Asia, Africa and South	Found in north east Asia , Europe and North	Seen in Alaska, Canada, Scandinavia and Siberia
America	America	

Importance and Functions of Forest

- 1. Functions as the lungs of Earth- cleanses atmosphere by absorbing gases like Carbon Dioxide and produces Oxygen
- 2. Controls pollution
- 3. Prevents soil erosion
- 4. Home for several species
- 5. Maintains ecological balance
- 6. Life sustenance
- 7. Protects environment
- 8. Conserves water
- Store house of resources like wood, honey, medicines that have economic importance as well
- 10. Facilitates research also

Exploitation of forest will result in:

- 1. Desertification: Conversion of fertile land into deserts
- 2. Climate Change
- 3. Loss of habitat for various species which destroys ecological balance
- 4. Soil erosion
- 5. Natural Calamities like draught and Flood