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Reg. No. :

Name :

First Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2023

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Mathematics

Complementary Course for Physics

MM 1131.1 : MATHEMATICS – I – CALCULUS WITH APPLICATIONS IN PHYSICS – I

(2018-2020 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

PART - I

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}$ with respect to x.
- 2. Stationary point of inflection a function f(x) is a point at which —
- 3. State Rolle's theorem.
- 4. The area of a circle with radius a is _____
- 5. Define the mean value of a function.
- 6. Define absolute convergence.
- 7. State D'Alembert's ratio test.

Max. Marks : 80

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8. If v = -2i + k, w = 3i + 5j - 4k then find v + w.

9. Find the magnitude of the vector 2i + 3j + 6k.

10. If the vectors a, b and c are coplanar, then $a \cdot (b \times c) = \dots$

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

PART – II

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Find the derivative with respect to x of f(t) = 2 at, where $x = at^2$.

12. Find the derivative with respect to x of $f(x) = x^3 \sin x$.

13. Evaluate $\int x \sin x \, dx$.

- 14. Evaluate the integral $I = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx^4$.
- 15. Find the volume of a cone enclosed by the surface formed by rotating about the x-axis the line y = 2x between x = 0 and x = h.
- 16. Use Leibnitz' theorem to find the third derivative of the function $x^3 \sin x$.
- 17. Find Sum the integers between 1 and 200 inclusive.
- 18. Define interval of convergence of a power series and find the interval of convergence of the power Series $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{\mu!}$.
- 19. Find the Maclaurin series for $f(x) = \cos x$.
- 20. Determine whether the following series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^n$ converges.
- 21. Two particles have velocities $v_1 = i+3j+6k$ and $v_2 = i+3j-2k$, respectively. Find the velocity of the second particle relative to the first.
- 22. Find the area of the parallelogram with sides a = i + 2j + 3k and b = 4i + 5j + 6k.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

PART - III

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Using logarithmic differentiation, find the derivative of $y = x^x$.
- 24. Find the positions and natures of the stationary points of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 36x + 2$.
- 25. Find the radius of curvature of $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.
- 26. Evaluate the integral $\int \frac{2}{1+3\cos x} dx$.
- 27. Find the length of the curve $y = x^{3/2}$ from x = 0 to x = 2.
- 28. Evaluate the sum $\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$.
- 29. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{n}$ converges.
- 30. Find the angle between the vectors a = i + 2j + 3k and b = 2i + 3j + 4k.
- 31. Find the minimum distance from the point *P* with coordinates (1, 2, 1) to the line $r = a + \lambda b$, where a = i + j + k and b = 2i j + 3k.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

32. (a) State Mean Value Theorem.

- (b) Determine inequalities satisfied by
 - (i) In x and
 - (ii) $\sin x$ for suitable ranges of the real variable x.

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