1	Pag		21
ı	rar	201	31
١	· uc	100	9

Reg. I	Vc).	:		 												•	
Name	:					 			 									

Fourth Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2020

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Economics

Core Course V — EC 1442 — MACRO ECONOMICS – I

(2015 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION -

Answer in one or two sentences. Answer all questions.

- Stock variable.
- 2. Endogenous variable.
- 3. Potential GNP.
- 4. GNP deflator.
- Marginal Efficiency of Capital.
- Exogenous variable.
- 7. Net Economic Welfare.
- 8. Full Employment.
- General equilibrium.
- 10. Real Wage.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - II

Answer any eight questions not to exceeding 1 paragraph. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What are the major macro variables?
- 12. Explain the Equation of Exchange.
- 13. Explain the difference between stock and flow variables.
- 14. What is meant by neutrality of money?
- 15. What is meant by the income effect of an increase in real wage?
- 16. Explain 'Pigou effect'.
- 17. Distinguish between partial and general equilibrium.
- 18. The classical firmly believed that the Say's Law will work in a money economy too. Why?
- 19. Explain Keynes's psychological law of consumption.
- 20. Differentiate between actual and potential GNP.
- 21. Explain Classical Dichotomy.
- 22. Explain the comparative statics and dynamics.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - III

Answer any six questions not exceeding 120 words. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Compare and contrast macro-statics with macro-dynamics.
- 24. Explain the Say's Law of Markets,
- 25. Explain the concept NEW.

- 26. Explain the concept of Aggregate Demand.
- 27. Explain the relevance of multiplier concept in Keynesian theory.
- 28. Explain the Classical Quantity Theory of Money.
- 29. Examine the saving investment equality.
- 30. Explain the different National Income concepts.
- 31. Explain the methods of measuring National income.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

Answer **any two** questions not to exceeding **4** pages. Each question carries **15** marks.

- 32. Explain how the classical interest rate theory rules out deviation from full employment due to any deficiency of aggregate demand.
- 33. Discuss the Classical Model of Employment and Output determination.
- 34. Explain in detail, the difference between classical and Keynesian theory.
- 35. Explain the Classical Theory of prices and show how real output and employment are invariant to the quantity of money?

 (2 x 15 = 30 Marks)